L.O. Use adverbials and figurative language to make contrasts with another setting

2<sup>nd</sup> character introduced as an 'ally' of MC. Setting described positively from his/her P.O.V – new character is comfortable there – emotions & descriptive details support this Our third box-up section is very similar to the first one: the setting plays an important part in introducing a character's feelings. This time, however, we need to make the exact same setting sound like a nice place to be, rather than unwelcoming.

Before, our main character needed to be shown to be out of their comfort zone; now, the 'guide' is introduced, who is entirely comfortable in the setting.

We can use the same writer's tools to do this:

- descriptive details (but ones that include similes and metaphors that make the setting seem a good place)
- character's senses explored (but in a way that shows the character is enjoying being there)
- Personification of the setting (but in ways that make the weather or time of day seem **helpful** to the character)



Use the picture in your book to generate some descriptive ideas about a night setting. Try to use some simile, metaphor and/or personification to help suggest **positive** feelings. What about using the weather? Is a strong wind or a storm necessarily a bad thing? In your first paragraph, you may have used a storm to suggest that the setting was angry or hurtful.

What do the three creatures on the next page feel about the wind?



## What might the wind feel like if you were covered in fur or hair?



Now it's your turn to introduce your guide:

- descriptive details (but ones that include similes and metaphors that make the setting seem a **good** place)
- character's senses explored (but in a way that shows the character is **enjoying** being there)
- Personification of the setting (but in ways that make the weather or time of day seem **helpful** to the character)